

Write your name here	
Surname	Other names
Centre Number	Candidate Number
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Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)	
<h1>Mathematics</h1> <h2>Paper 2 (Calculator)</h2> <p style="text-align: right;">Foundation Tier</p>	
Monday 6 November 2017 – Morning Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	Paper Reference 1MA1/2F
You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **show all your working**.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- **Calculators may be used.**
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.



Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

- 1 Write $\frac{7}{100}$ as a decimal.

Type into calculator and press S \leftrightarrow D

0.07

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

- 2 Write down a multiple of 6 that is between 40 and 50

or $6 \times 7 = 42$
 $6 \times 8 = 48$

42 [or 48]

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

- 3 (a) Simplify $3f \times 5g$

15fg
(1)

- (b) Simplify $t \times t$

t^2

(1)

- (c) Simplify $\frac{2n + 6n}{2}$

$$\frac{8n}{2}$$

4n

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

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4 Ken buys some fruit.

He buys apples, bananas, peaches and oranges.

Ken buys

4 apples	weighing 125 g each	$4 \times 125 = 500$
2 bananas	weighing 170 g each	$2 \times 170 = 340$
3 peaches	weighing 135 g each	$3 \times 135 = 405$

Each orange has a weight of 90 g.

The fruit has a total weight of 1.785 kg. $1785g$

(a) Work out how many oranges Ken buys.

$$500 + 340 + 405 = 1245g$$

$$1785 - 1245 = 540g$$

$540g$ of Oranges.

$$\frac{540}{90} = 6$$

$$\frac{6}{(3)}$$

Jane wants to buy 15 tomatoes.

She asks for 1 kg of tomatoes at a shop.

Jane assumes that each tomato has a weight of 75 g.

(b) (i) If Jane's assumption is correct, will she get 15 tomatoes?

You must show how you get your answer.

$$15 \times 75 = 1125g$$

Jane's assumption is that 15 tomatoes weigh 1.125 kg.

\therefore She will not get 15 in 1kg. (2)

(ii) If Jane's assumption is **not** correct, could she get 15 tomatoes?

Justify your answer.

Yes \rightarrow if the tomatoes weigh less than 75g each. [if each tomato weighs less than 66.6g.] (1)

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)



5 60 students were asked how they get to school.

The table shows the results.

	Bus	Walk	Car	Bicycle
Number of students	15	27	12	6

(a) What fraction of the 60 students did **not** walk to school?

$$\frac{33}{60} = \frac{11}{20}$$

(2)

(b) Complete the pie chart for the information in the table.

WALK

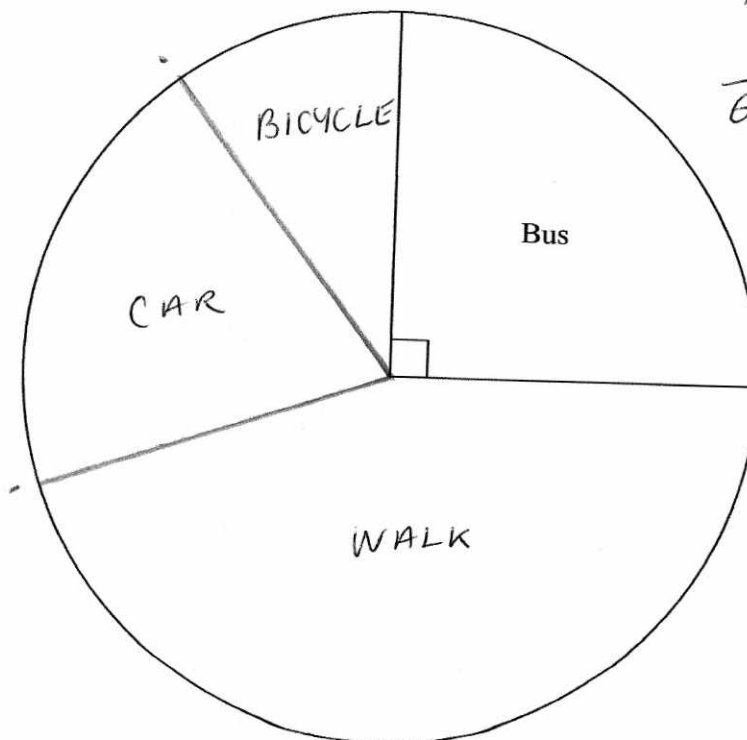
$$\frac{27}{60} \times 360 = 162^\circ$$

CAR

$$\frac{12}{60} \times 360 = 72^\circ$$

BIKE

$$\frac{6}{60} \times 360 = 36^\circ$$



(4)

(Total for Question 5 is 6 marks)



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6 Annie and Lily share some money in the ratio 4 : 3 7 PARTS

(a) What fraction of the money does Lily get?

$$\frac{3}{7}$$

(1)

Rosie and Dan share some sweets.

Dan gets $\frac{1}{4}$ of the sweets.

(b) Write down the ratio of the number of sweets Rosie gets to the number of sweets Dan gets.

$$\frac{3}{4} : \frac{1}{4}$$

$$3 : 1$$

$$3 : 1$$

(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 Steve says,

“There are more prime numbers between 20 and 30 than there are between 10 and 20”

Is Steve right?

You must show how you get your answer.

PRIME NUMBERS BETWEEN 10 and 20:

11, 13, 17, 19

PRIME NUMBERS BETWEEN 20 and 30:

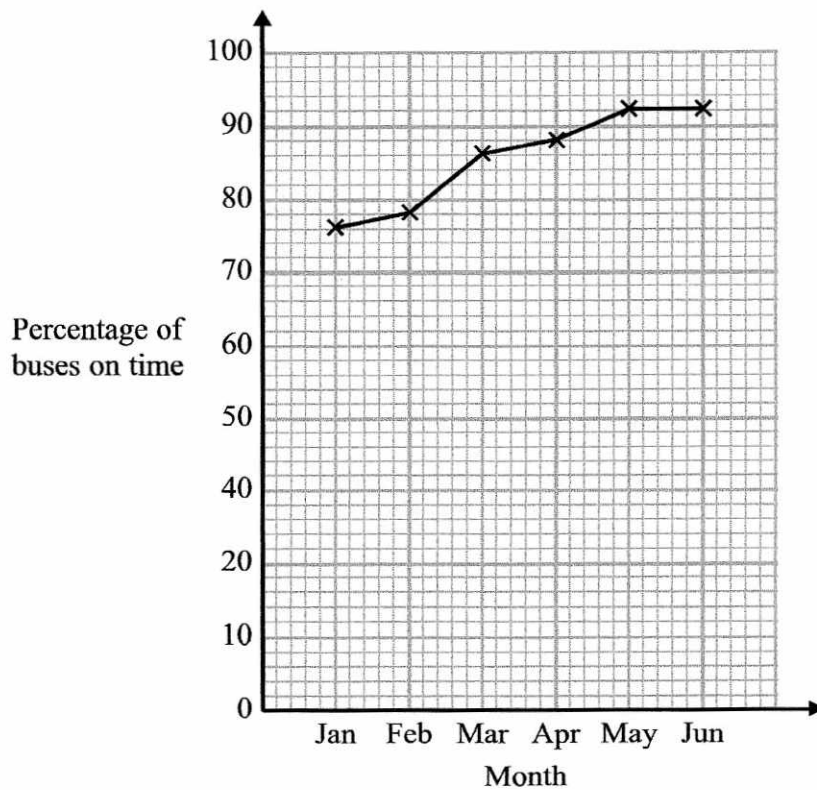
23, 29

No

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)



- 8 Chrissy drew this graph to show the percentage of buses that got to a bus stop on time for six months.



- (a) Write down **one** thing that is wrong with the graph.

30 is missing from the scale.

(1)

- (b) Describe the trend in the percentage of buses that got to the bus stop on time.

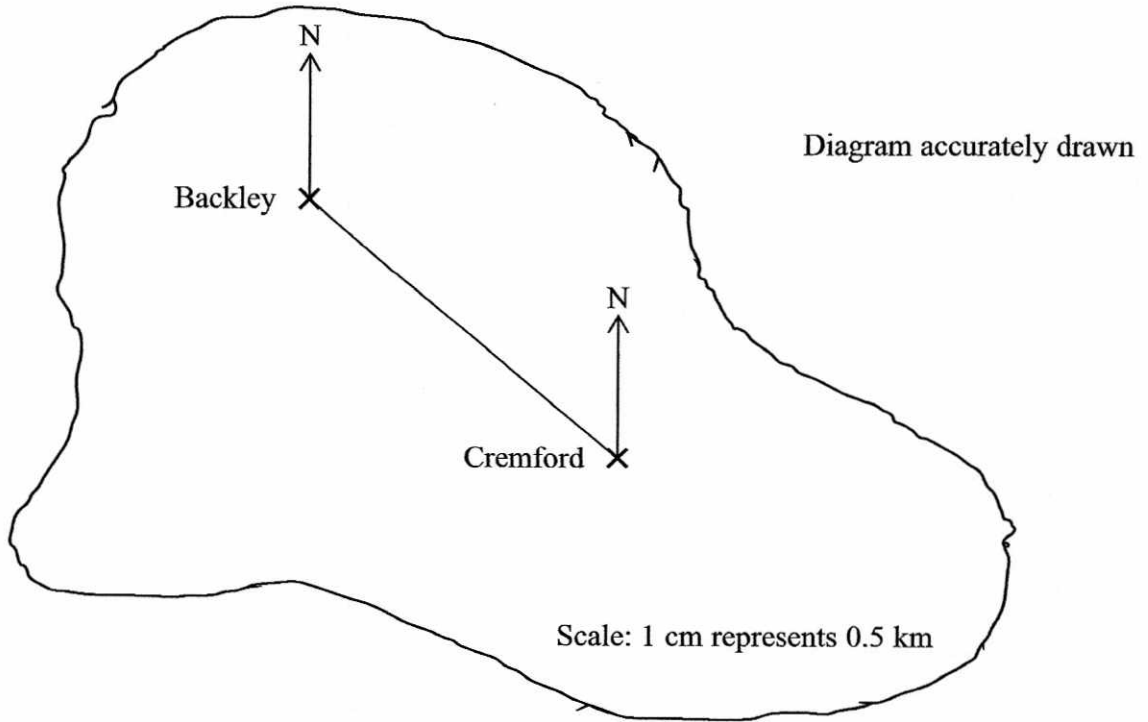
The percentage of buses on time is increasing.

(1)

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)



9 Here is a map of an island.



A straight road joins the two villages, Backley and Cremford.

(a) Work out the real distance between the two villages.

$$5.3 \text{ cm} \times 0.5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.65 \text{ km} \\ \hline \text{(2)} \\ 2.65 \rightarrow 2.85 \end{array}$$

(b) Find the bearing of Cremford from Backley.

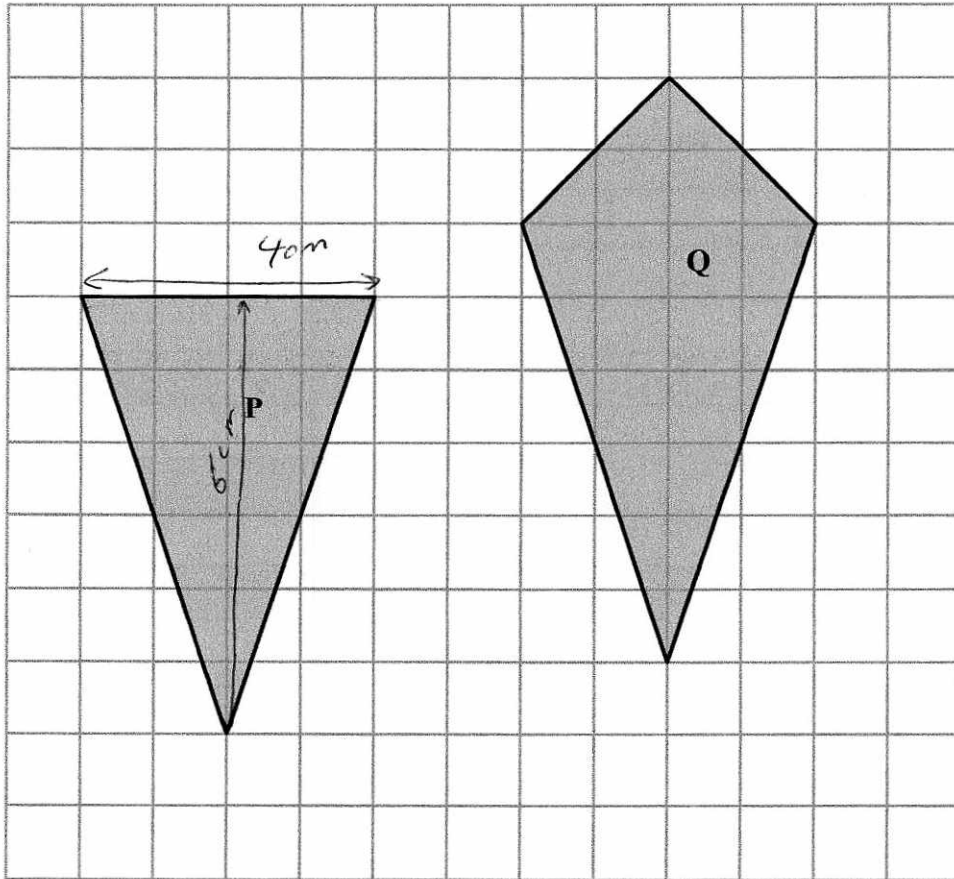
$$\begin{array}{r} 130^\circ \\ \hline \text{(1)} \\ 128 \rightarrow 132 \end{array}$$

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)



P 4 9 3 6 0 A 0 7 2 4

10 The diagram shows two shapes drawn on a centimetre grid.



(a) Find the area of shape P.

$$\frac{4 \times 6}{2} = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\underline{12 \text{ cm}^2}$$

(2)

(b) Write down the mathematical name of quadrilateral Q.

kite

(1)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)



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11 The table shows a cricket club's income in 2016 from a fete, a quiz and membership fees.

	Income	
Fete	£250	
Quiz	Entry fees	13 at £5 each
	Refreshments	£35
Membership fees	25 at £20 each	

Express as a ratio

the income from the fete to the income from the quiz to the income from membership fees.

Give your ratio in its simplest form. $F : Q : M$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= 13 \times 5 + 35 \\
 &= 65 + 35 \\
 &= £100
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M &= 25 \times 20 \\
 &= £500
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &F : Q : M \\
 &250 : 100 : 500 \\
 &5 : 2 : 10
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5 : 2 : 10$$

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



12 200 people live in a village.

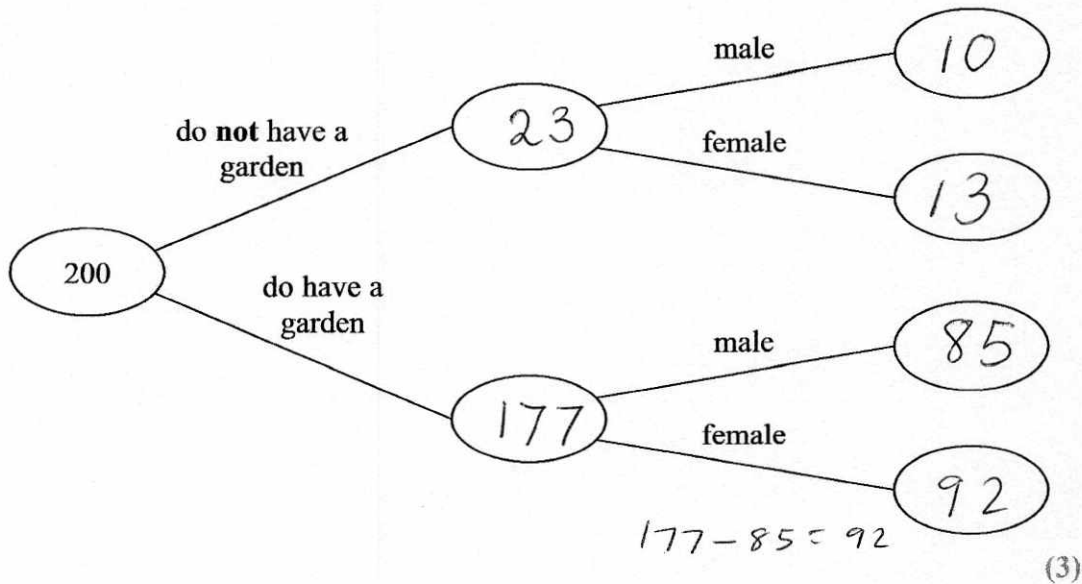
23 people do **not** have a garden.

10 males do **not** have a garden.

95 people are male.

$95 - 10 = 85$ males have a garden.

(a) Use this information to complete the frequency tree.



One of the people who does **not** have a garden is chosen at random.

(b) Write down the probability that this person is female.

$$\frac{13}{23}$$

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)



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13 Ellie makes hats.
She makes at least 17 hats per hour.
She is paid 46p for each hat she makes.

Reaze is a waiter.
He works 35 hours and is paid a total of £266

Show that Ellie's hourly rate of pay is more than Reaze's hourly rate of pay.

$$\text{Ellie: } 17 \times 0.46 = \text{£}7.82 \text{ per hour}$$

$$\text{Reaze: } \frac{266}{35} = \text{£}7.60 \text{ per hour}$$

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)



14 a and b are odd numbers.

(a) Give an example to show that the value of $2(a + b)$ is a multiple of 4

$$2(1 + 3)$$

$$2(4)$$

$$\underline{\underline{8}}$$

(2)

(b) Show that, when a and b are both odd numbers, the value of $2(a + b)$ will always be a multiple of 4

$$\text{odd} + \text{odd} = \text{even}$$

$$2(\text{even}) \text{ is a multiple of } 4$$

(2)

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



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15 Mr Page uses oil to heat his home.

At the beginning of November there were 1000 litres of oil in his oil tank.

Mr Page bought enough oil to fill the tank completely.

He paid 50p per litre for this oil.

He paid a total amount of £750

At the end of February Mr Page had 600 litres of oil in the tank.

He bought enough oil to fill the tank completely.

The cost of oil had increased by 4%.

Work out the total amount Mr Page paid for the oil he bought in February.

$$50p \text{ per litre } \quad \pounds 750$$

$$\frac{750}{0.5} = 1500 \text{ litres}$$

$$\text{The tank fits } 1000 + 1500 = \underline{\underline{2500 \text{ litres}}}$$

$$2500 - 600 = 1900 \text{ litres to buy.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 50p \quad 10\% &= 5p \\ &1\% = 0.5p \\ &4\% = 2p \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{New price} = 52p \text{ per litre}$$

$$0.52 \times 1900 = \pounds 988$$

£ 988

(Total for Question 15 is 5 marks)



P 4 9 3 6 0 A 0 1 3 2 4

16 Solve $5x - 6 = 3(x - 1)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 6 = 3x - 3 \\ -3x \quad -3x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 6 = -3 \\ +6 \quad +6 \end{array}$$

$$2x = 3$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$$

$$x = \underline{\quad 1.5 \quad}$$

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Emily buys a pack of 12 bottles of water.
The pack costs £5.64

Emily sells all 12 bottles for 50p each.

Work out Emily's percentage profit.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$12 \times 0.5 = \pounds 6$$

$$\text{Profit} = 6 - 5.64 = \pounds 0.36$$

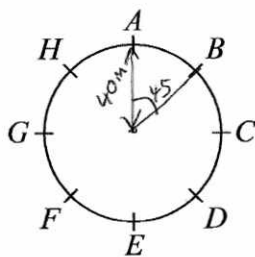
$$\frac{\text{CHANGE}}{\text{ORIGINAL}} \times 100 = \frac{0.36}{5.64} \times 100 = 6.3829\dots$$

$$\underline{\quad 6.4 \quad} \%$$

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)



18 Hasmeet walks once round a circle with diameter 80 metres.



There are 8 points equally spaced on the circumference of the circle.

(a) Find the distance Hasmeet walks between one point and the next point.

$$\frac{360}{8} = 45$$

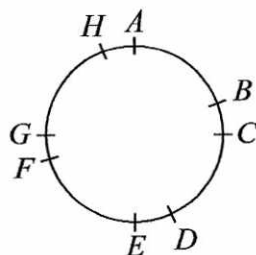
$$\frac{45}{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Circumference} &= \pi \times d \\ &= 80\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{80\pi}{8} = 10\pi \text{ or } 31.4 \text{ (3sf)}$$

$$\frac{10\pi}{(2)} \text{ m}$$

Four of the points are moved, as shown in the diagram below.



Hasmeet walks once round the circle again.

(b) Has the mean distance that Hasmeet walks between one point and the next point changed? You must give a reason for your answer.

No. The total distance remains the same and so does the number of points. $\frac{80}{8} = 10$ (1)

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)



19 There are only blue cubes, yellow cubes and green cubes in a bag.

There are

twice as many blue cubes as yellow cubes
and four times as many green cubes as blue cubes.

Hannah takes at random a cube from the bag.

Work out the probability that Hannah takes a yellow cube.

$$B : Y \\ 2 : 1$$

$$G : B \\ 4 : 1 \quad \times 2$$

$$B : Y \\ 2 : 1$$

$$G : B \\ 8 : 2$$

$$G : B : Y \\ 8 : 2 : 1 \quad 11 \text{ PARTS}$$

$$\frac{1}{11}$$

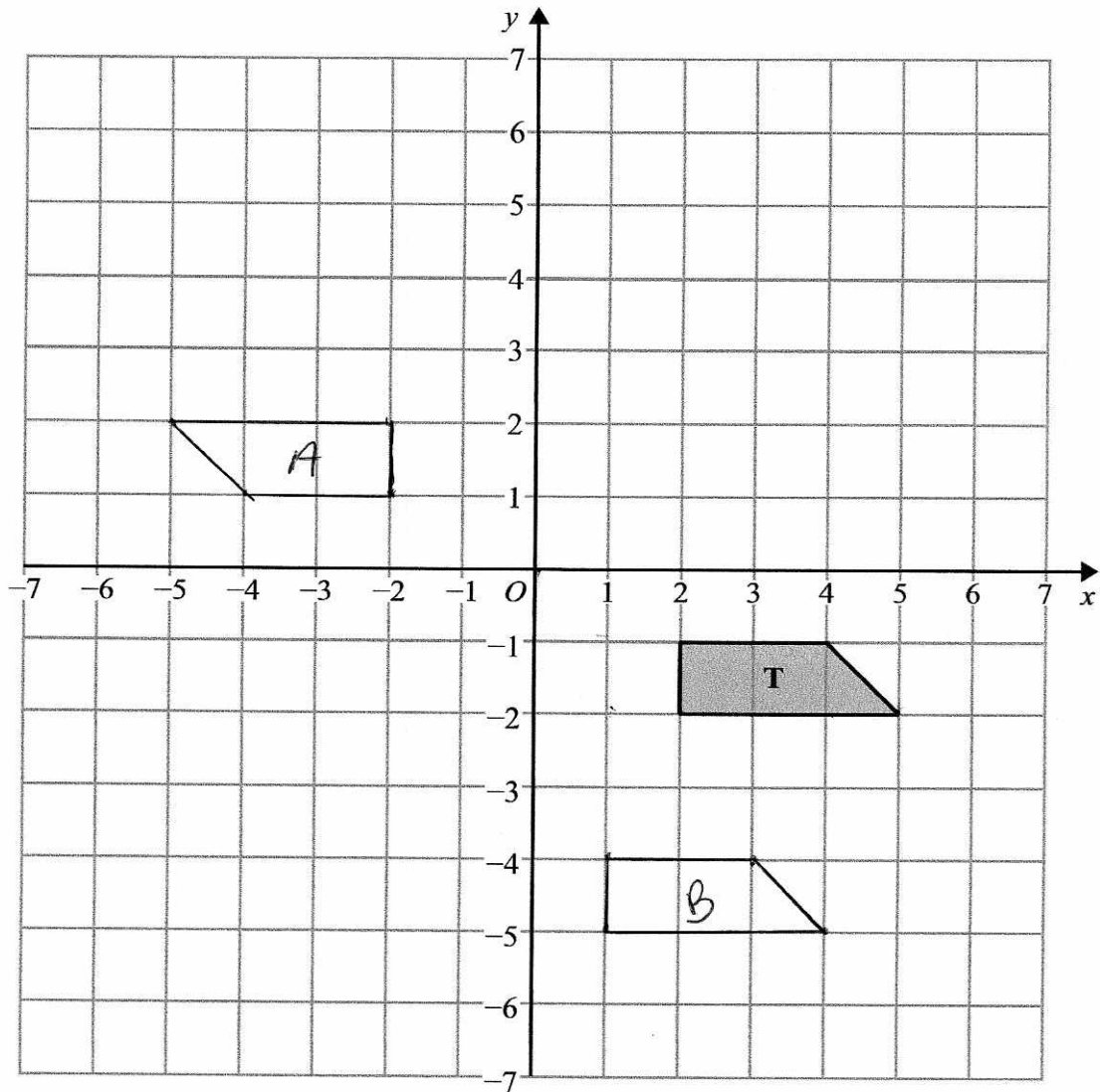
(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

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- (a) Rotate trapezium **T** 180° about the origin.
Label the new trapezium **A**.

(1)

- (b) Translate trapezium **T** by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$
Label the new trapezium **B**.

(1)

(Total for Question 20 is 2 marks)



21 $p^3 \times p^x = p^9$

(a) Find the value of x .

$$x = \underline{\quad 6 \quad} \quad (1)$$

$(7^2)^y = 7^{10}$

(b) Find the value of y .

$$y = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \quad (1)$$

$100^a \times 1000^b$ can be written in the form 10^w

(c) Show that $w = 2a + 3b$

$$\begin{aligned} 100 &= 10^2 & 1000 &= 10^3 \\ (10^2)^a \times (10^3)^b &= 10^w \\ 10^{2a} \times 10^{3b} &= 10^w \\ 10^{2a+3b} &= 10^w \\ \underline{w = 2a + 3b} & \quad (2) \end{aligned}$$

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)

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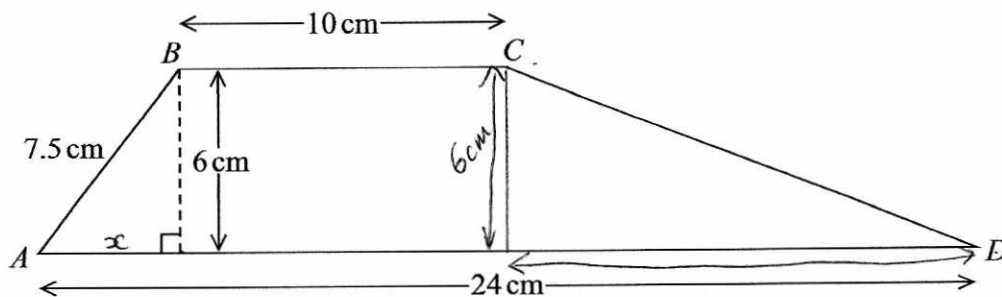


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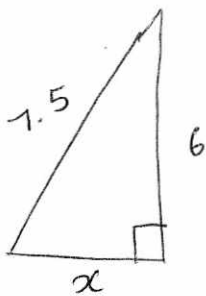
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22 $ABCD$ is a trapezium.



Work out the size of angle CDA .

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



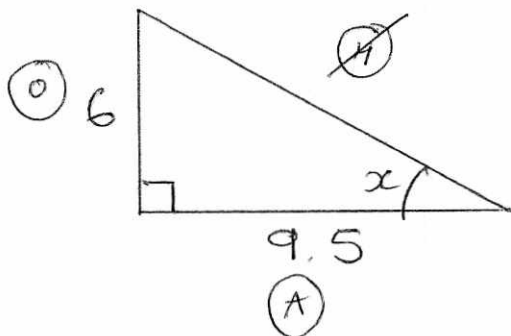
$$7.5^2 = x^2 + 6^2$$

$$56.25 = x^2 + 36$$

$$x^2 = \frac{81}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$$

$$24 - 4.5 - 10 = 9.5$$



$$\tan x = \frac{6}{9.5}$$

$$x = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{9.5}\right)$$

$$x = 32.3^\circ \text{ 1dp}$$

32.3°

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)



P 4 9 3 6 0 A 0 1 9 2 4

23 Use your calculator to work out $\sqrt{\frac{\sin 25^\circ + \sin 40^\circ}{\cos 25^\circ - \cos 40^\circ}}$

(a) Write down all the figures on your calculator display.

2.75603957
(2)

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 decimal places.

2.76
(1)

(Total for Question 23 is 3 marks)

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24 (a) Solve $\frac{2x^2}{2} = \frac{72}{2}$

$$x^2 = 36$$

$$x = \pm 6$$

$$\pm 6$$

(2)

(b) Expand and simplify $(2x + 1)(3x - 2)$

$$6x^2 - 4x + 3x - 2$$

$$6x^2 - x - 2$$

$$6x^2 - x - 2$$

(2)

(c) Factorise $x^2 + 6x + 9$

$$(x + 3)(x + 3)$$

$$(x + 3)(x + 3)$$

(1)

(Total for Question 24 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS

